

# The Middletown Transcript

NO 47.

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1917

PRICE THREE CENTS

TOWNSEND

Odessa After

## RESULT OF HEART TROUBLE

Following an illness of heart trouble since last Friday, George L. Townsend, one of Delaware's best known men died Thursday night, at his home in Odessa, in his 77th year.

The condition of Mr. Townsend had been critical since the trouble developed and throughout Thursday his death was expected at any time. Death occurred about 10 o'clock Thursday night.

George Lybrand Townsend was born in New Castle hundred January 2, 1841, and was the son of Sylvester D. and Abigail Townsend.

George Townsend after attending the common schools of New Castle County until he was seventeen years of age, became a pupil at the Delaware Military Academy under the principality of Colonel Theodore Hyatt. He continued there for two years but had to give up his studies by reason of poor health. Returning home, he worked with his father on the farm until he came of age when he engaged in farming on his own account cultivating the home farm in Pencader hundred. In 1870 he removed to the farm of Bishop Scott his father-in-law, in Appoquinimink hundred, where he remained until 1892. Since then he had lived in Odessa, having purchased the home of the late Squire Tatman of Odessa. Mr. Townsend was the owner of three farms, which he improved greatly and superintended their cultivation. He was one of the promoters of the Odessa Creamery and was a stockholder and director of the company until it went out of business. He was also one of the original stockholders of the People's National Bank of Middletown, which he helped organize, and became a director. He was president and director at the time of his death. He was active in Republican politics and had been chairman of the New Castle county committee. In 1882 he was appointed by President Harrison as collector of the port of Wilmington, during his term of office succeeding in getting the oil works at Marcus Hook placed within the jurisdiction of the State of Delaware.

Mr. Townsend was married December 12, 1866, in Appoquinimink hundred to Cornelia Jane, daughter of the Rev. Levi Scott, bishop of the N. E. Church, and the ceremony was performed by the bishop. He is survived by his wife and the following named children:

Levi Scott Townsend, president of Laird & Company and vice-president of the Security Trust and Safe Deposit Company; Sylvester D. Townsend, vice-president of the Wilmington Trust Company; William S. Townsend, connected with the trust department of the Wilmington Trust Company; Henry Scott Townsend, assistant trust officer of the Security Trust and Safe Deposit Company; George L. Townsend, Jr., attorney-at-law; Miss Cornelia Townsend; Mrs. E. Ballard Lodge, of Cleveland, Ohio; Mrs. E. G. Cook and Mrs. C. W. Bush, of Wilmington.

The funeral services will be held at his late residence Monday afternoon, at one o'clock with interment in Drawyers cemetery.

After the business meeting closed, a social hour was spent and refreshments of coffee, cake and mints were served by the committee. Those present were: Mrs. S. J. Brockson, Mrs. Royden Wilson, Mrs. Elwood Banning, Mrs. D. W. Stevens, Mrs. Nelson Neff, Mrs. Mae Moore, Mrs. John Dore, Misses Maudie Daniels, Mary Melvin, Hester Baker, Edna Brynes, Ada Scott, Anna Denney, Emily Allee, Lillian Melvin, Ruby Whitlock, Odel Gallagher, Alma Whitlock, Lena Weber, Esther Whitlock, Viola Weber, Hannah Kirk, Marian Pinder and Mary Culver.

## COW TESTING ASSO. ACTIVE

Enough members have been secured that the reorganization of the Diamond State Cow Testing Association is assured. Negotiations are now being carried on with a competent man from the middle west, with the approval of the association to do the testing and keep the records. It is the desire of the association that the work begin at an early date.

It is to be regretted that every farmer who has ten or more cows is not a member of a cow testing association. Due to the high price of feed and labor it is more important this year than ever before that the dairy head be entered in the testing association. A good cow will make as good a profit as she ever did but a poor one will loose far more money. A poor cow is worse than no cow. Occasionally a farmer states that he can tell his poor cows. Obviously he has an idea but to actually know is another thing. When the performances of the various cows in the herd are considered that some of them start in with a heavy milk flow but drop off in a few months, that others start off with only a fair flow but continue it throughout the year and to know the cost of the feed that the various cows have consumed, I say to have all these facts in mind for each cow at the end of the year with any degree of accuracy where no records have been kept is a thing which the best dairymen of the country have found to be impossible.

Some of the farmers of the county have been informed that only the well bred herds should be entered in the testing association. This is far from true. In fact, the purpose of the association is to very ordinary herd, test each cow and at the end of the year weed out those that have shown themselves to be unprofitable. We then advise raising the heifer calves from the best cows and we have found that after the farmer finds that the production of his herd is increasing, he is generally in favor of buying a better bull.

The County Agent is simply assisting the cow testing association to reorganize. If you are interested, write him or phone him at Newark.

Mr. Frank Leser, of the Middletown Motor Car company was so unfortunate as to break his right arm and wrist while cranking a Ford automobile at his place of business last Saturday morning. Much sympathy is felt for Mr. Leser.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the Post Office for week ending Nov. 15th, 1917: Mrs. James Erokman, Mrs. Jannies Brokenbaugh, Miss Hattie Corney, Mrs. W. Lewis Duff, Mrs. E. A. Johnson, Mrs. M. A. Jenkins, Mrs. Georgeanna Pagen, Miss Shema M. Small, (2); Mr. Issiah Berkman, Mr. William Cannon, Mr. G. F. Cannon, Mr. J. R. Gillespie, Mr. A. Morris, Mr. Wesley Tiggle, Mr. Albert Spences.

How many of our local farmers are getting their ear samples of corn ready for the State Corn Show? There will be local representatives to assist you in making your final decision. The county agent, Mr. Bausman, of Newark, Del., will be very glad to assist any one in this work. A postal card will bring him. As this is one of the greatest opportunities farmers in this section have had to gain real corn knowledge, it is important for them to keep busy.

## LOCAL HAPPENINGS

### Many Current News Items of the Past Week

#### IN THIS AND NEARBY POINTS

Thursday, November 29th is Thanksgiving Day.

Another call for the drafted men is expected soon.

Miss Prudence Lewis entertained the U. T. C. Sewing Circle Wednesday evening.

The hunters are having considerable sport, and the sound of the gun is frequently heard.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Frank Gallagher entertained a number of young folks at dinner last Sunday in honor of their son William's twenty-first birthday anniversary.

John Heldmeyer, Jr., Real Estate Broker, has bought from Mr. Wright Coppage his farm on the road between Armstrongs to Mt. Pleasant. Consideration private.

"Vacation days are over. Let us renew our work and joys of the associations found only in the Sunday school."

"Material perplexities of the week, crowding upon us as never before, make possible's forgetfulness of Sunday's obligations."

"The church and community can well be judged by the spirit and success of the Sunday school. The cheer, the hope of youth found there, relieves greatly the burdens of us older folks and we serve well by holding our youth true to those ideals and principles fostered in the Sunday school."

"Let us make our Sunday School Day out-shadow all other days gone before. The day is the 25th. Let us all wear our way back to Sunday School—old and young—everybody. Let us make a record drive to make that day the greatest attendance in Delaware."

The Rev. T. Davis Preston, general secretary, Delaware State Sunday School Association, has issued the following concerning the observance of Sunday School Day:

The Sunday School has long been a regular part of the religious life of the people and an accustomed activity of the Sabbath day, perhaps indeed in the busy crowded life of these days we are losing sight of the significance and supreme value of it. The church we must have because of its conserving influence, and we could not long tolerate a community without its churches, but we often stop to realize the part the Sunday School plays in the life of the church. Those who deal in statistics of religious activities tell us that the denominations would before many years go out of existence if it were not for the Sunday schools. This statement seems impossible and yet we are told that more than 80 per cent of church additions come through the Sunday school. These facts and figures are interesting, but many in this connection are also alarming. Sixty eight per cent of the criminals committed their first crime before they were twenty years of age. There are more children and young people in North America not receiving religious instruction of any kind than are enrolled in all the Sunday schools. Only one church member in four in North America is in the Sunday school at all.

"Go to Sunday School Day" is to be observed in Delaware this year on Sunday, November 25th. Never was a year in the state's history so charged with crises as this, and so dependent upon the best type of leadership for the future. The Sunday school has supplied most of this leadership in the past. It will continue to do so if given the place in the life of the state it deserves."

## HENRY FORD'S TRACTOR

Henry Ford informed friends at the Detroit Athletic club in Detroit the other day that he had just notified France that that country could have 12,000 Ford tractors.

He is now working on from 6,000 to 7,000 for England,

and all of these will have to be delivered before America's demand is met.

Mr. Ford said that he was taking advantage of the present fine weather in making the tests, and that in a short time several of these tractors would be moved to the south for test work there.

He laughingly said that he was 51 years old, but believed that in his present condition he was capable of running farther and running faster than any 34-year-old man in Detroit.

As indicating the work he is doing, he told of rising at 6 o'clock, Wednesday morning, and of following 11 tractors over the fields.

He rode on many of these, and at the close of the morning's test, knew everything that was to be known regarding the work of each.

Mr. Ford said that it was evident that the government action

with regard to the manufacturing of automobiles was in line with a saving policy and that it was probable the government did not care to have the manufacturers make too many cars,

as too many cars meant the consumption of precious gasoline.—adv.

## Four more shopping days before Thanksgiving! Let Fogel & Burstan fit you out from head to foot.

## Wooleyhan—Griffith

Mr. James Carroll Wooleyhan, son of the late James A. Wooleyhan and Mrs. Wooleyhan, of near Chesapeake City, and Miss Isabel Moreland Griffith, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Griffith, of Cecilton, were quietly married at the home of the bride's parents, last Friday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock in the presence of the immediate family and a few intimate friends.

Immediately after the ceremony a wedding luncheon was served, after which the happy couple, accompanied by a party of merry friends, were driven to Elkton where they took the train for Wheeling, W. Va., where the groom is holding a position with the Whittaker Iron Company.

## Annual Thanksgiving Bake

The Mite Society of Bethesda M. E. Church will hold its annual Thanksgiving Bake on Wednesday, November 28th, in the vacant building owned by Mr. Blome, on North Broad street.

Chicken salad, bread, Maryland biscuits,

cakes, pies, &c., on sale. Do your Thanksgiving marketing here.

## Catholic Bazaar

The members and friends of St. Joseph's Catholic Church have decided to hold their annual Bazaar on December 5th, 6th and 7th, and are actively preparing for the event. The vacant store rooms on North Broad street, adjoining John Heldmeyer's real estate office, have been secured for the occasion. Proceeds for benefit of the Church.

## Rev. Jones Invited to Return

At the recent session of the Middletown Quarterly Conference, held at Rev. Dr. Wise, the District Superintendent, Rev. J. W. Jones, passed the resolution, was unanimously invited for the third year of his pastorate. Expressions of kindly appreciation for his faithful and able ministry abounded.

## Bethesda Church Notes

Sunday, November 25th, 1917. 9:45 A. M. Brotherhood Devotional Meeting.

10:30 A. M. Morning worship and sermon.

2:00 P. M. Sunday School.

6:45 P. M. Epworth League. This is the closing service of the "win-win" Chum week."

7:30 P. M. Illustrated sermon. "The greatest question in the world."

Thursday, Nov. 29th, at 10:30 A. M. Thanksgiving service. The Rev. E. A. McLauren of Dryer's Presbyterian Church will preach the sermon. Everyone is cordially invited.

Junior Epworth League exercises at 8 o'clock.

7:30 P. M. every Friday Evening.

10:30 P. M. by the Pastor.

## SUNDAY SCHOOL DAY

DOVER, DECEMBER 18.—At the request of J. A. Crossland, Secretary of the Delaware Sunday School Association, designated as "Go to Sunday School Day," Governor John G. Townsend issued an informal proclamation, designating Sunday, November 25. He said:

"With all due respect to the calls to duty, it is certainly fitting that our Sunday schools have a day off. Let us forget, in our enthusiasm for these obligations of our every day life in state and nation, I am asking that Sunday, November 25, be designated as "Go to Sunday School Day." Not in formal proclamation, but as one interested and accomplished.

"Vacation days are over. Let us renew our work and joys of the associations found only in the Sunday school.

"Material perplexities of the week, crowding upon us as never before, make possible's forgetfulness of Sunday's obligations."

"The church and community can well be judged by the spirit and success of the Sunday school. The cheer, the hope of youth found there, relieves greatly the burdens of us older folks and we serve well by holding our youth true to those ideals and principles fostered in the Sunday school."

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"Let us make our Sunday School Day out-shadow all other days

# ALIEN ENEMIES RESIDENT IN U. S. PUT UNDER DRASIC RESTRICTIONS

President Wilson Issues Proclamation Restricting Every Alien in the United States

Washington.—President Wilson dealt a smashing blow to the enemy alien within the boundaries of the United States.

All alien enemies are required to register and to obtain permits for travel under a proclamation issued by the President.

Enemies also are prohibited approaching within 100 yards of water fronts, docks, railroad terminals or storage houses and are forbidden to enter or reside in the District of Columbia.

Only Germans will be affected by the proclamation, as it specifies "enemies" and not "aliens of enemies."

The proclamation, issued as a supplement to one declaring a state of war with Germany, provides further that an alien enemy shall not, except on public ferries, be found on "any ocean, bay, river or other waters" within the United States. They are forbidden to fly in aeroplanes, balloons or airships and to enter the Panama Canal Zone.

The proclamation orders registrations as follows:

"All alien enemies are hereby required to register at such times and places and in such manner as may be fixed by the Attorney General of the United States, and the Attorney General is hereby authorized and directed to provide as speedily as may be practicable for registration of all alien enemies and for the issuance of registration cards to alien enemies and to make and declare such rules and regulations as he may deem necessary for effecting such registration.

"All alien enemies and all other persons are hereby required to comply with such rules and regulations; and the Attorney General in carrying out such registration is hereby authorized to utilize such agents, agencies, officers and departments of the United States and of the several States, Territories, dependencies and municipalities thereof, and of the District of Columbia as he may select for the purpose, and all such agents, agencies, officers and departments are hereby granted full authority for all acts done by them in the execution of this regulation when acting by the direction of the Attorney General, and after the date fixed by the Attorney General for such registration no enemy alien shall be found within the limits of the United States, its territories or possessions without having his registration card on his person."

The restrictions were imposed on free travel in the following section:

"An alien enemy shall not change his place of abode or occupation or otherwise travel or move from place to place without full compliance with any such regulations as the Attorney General of the United States may from time to time make and declare; and the Attorney General is hereby authorized to make and declare from time to time such regulations concerning the movements of alien enemies as he may deem necessary in the premises for the public safety, and to provide in such regulations for monthly, weekly or other periodical report of alien enemies to Federal, State or local authorities; and all alien enemies shall report at the times and places and to the authorities fixed."

Germans will be barred from employment on all vessels on the ocean or the Great Lakes and even from traveling on private motorboats of their own, under the following provisions:

"An alien enemy shall not, except on public ferries, be found on any ocean, bay, river or other waters within three miles of the shoreline of the United States or its territorial possessions. . . . or on any of the waters of the Great Lakes, their connecting waters and harbors."

The section forbidding alien enemies to approach shipping centers is as follows:

"An alien enemy shall not approach or be found within 100 yards of any canal, wharf, pier or dock used directly by, or by means of lighters, by any vessel or vessels of over 500 tons gross engaged in foreign or domestic trade, other than fishing, not within 100 yards of any warehouse, shed, elevator, railroad terminal or other terminal, storage or transfer facility and adjacent to or operated in connection with any such wharf, pier or dock."

The Attorney General is given additional authority to declare prohibited zones about other establishments whenever he deems it advisable to do so. The proclamation does not interfere, however, with existing regulations forbidding enemies to live within a half mile of munition plants, shipyards and other Government establishments, though all previous special permits to allow aliens to ignore the zone restriction are revoked.

Where It Happened.

The proclamation applies to continental United States and to the Philippines, Porto Rico and Alaska.

LOCKED CASHIER IN VAULT.

Armed Men Then Take \$3,600 From Bank Near Kansas City.

Kansas City, Mo.—Armed men entered the Liberty State Bank at Library, eight miles southwest of here, and the cashier in the vault and in a motor car with \$3,600 were immediately forced to leave. The bank's vault was broken and robbed seven times.

# ALL DRAFT MEN MUST ANSWER

NM Be 2,000,000 Men In the First Class

## NEW RECRUITS EVERY YEAR

Congress Expected To Provide For Taking In All Young Men As They Attain The Age Of 21.

Washington.—Best available estimates indicate that the first of the five classes into which all army draft registrants are to be divided will contain more than 2,000,000 men, subject for duty with the colors before any man in any other class will be called up.

The five classes into which the 9,000,000 men registered—and those who are registered hereafter—are divided and the order in which they will be called for service was officially announced in the Provost Marshal-General's questionnaire, which every registered man must fill out and file. It does not exempt married men as a class, but it does place married men with dependent wives and children far down on the list of liabilities. In fact, the questionnaire indicates that only men of the first class will be called to the colors, except in the gravest emergency.

The 148 questions, many or all of which the registrants must answer, constitute a searching inquiry into each man's life and fitness for service, and, if he claims exemption he must show why in minute detail. Failure to answer within seven days after a man receives the questions renders him liable to a year in prison.

It is regarded as practically certain that Congress will take up the question of extending the draft law to cover men who have attained the age of 21 since it was enacted. Should that be done and provision made for the registration thereafter of every man as he reached that age, it is probable that perhaps 600,000 would be added to Class 1 automatically by next March. In that event no present plans for the army would reach the men in Class 2.

Officials have already considered the possibility that Congress will decide to take in these additional young men. Some fair system by which they may be registered, classified and assigned to places will be devised. New regulations to be published shortly probably will set a way in which this can be done.

New regulations governing passports for registered men become effective November 20. After that date the nearest local board may issue passport permits without reference to district boards as is now required. Passports are not necessary to enter Canada.

Following are the classes in the order in which they are liable to the call:

### Class 1.

Single man without dependent relatives.

Married man, with or without children, or father or motherless children, who has habitually failed to support his family.

Married man dependent on wife for support.

Married man, with or without children, or father or motherless children; man not usually engaged, family supported by income independent of his labor.

Unskilled farm laborer.

Unskilled industrial laborer.

Registrant by or in respect of whom no deferred classification is claimed or made.

Registrant who fails to submit questionnaire and in respect of whom no deferred classification is claimed or made.

All registrants not included in any other division in this schedule.

### Class 2.

Married man, with children, or father or motherless children, where such wife or children or such motherless children are not mainly dependent upon his labor for support for the reason that there are other reasonably certain sources of adequate support (excluding earnings or possible earnings from the labor of the wife) available, and that the removal of the registrant will not deprive such dependents of support.

Married man, without children, whose wife, although the registrant is engaged in a useful occupation, is not mainly dependent upon his labor for support, for the reason that the wife is skilled in some special class of work which she is physically able to perform and in which she is employed, or in which there is an immediate opening for her under conditions that will enable her to support herself decently and without suffering or hardship.

Armed guards were thrown around the coal mines in the southern part of Jefferson county, Ohio, as the result of an W. W. outbreak.

The annual convention of the National Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, sent a telegram to President Wilson pledging support in the prosecution of the war.

Necessary skilled farm laborer in necessary agricultural enterprise.

Necessary skilled industrial laborer in necessary industrial enterprise.

### Class 3.

Man with dependent children (not his own), but toward whom he stands in relation of parent.

JUNK DICTATOR NEXT?

\$1,500,000 Can Be Saved From Scrap Pile.

Washington.—The advisability of national junk dictator has been referred to the attention of the Department of Defense. Estimates are that more than \$1,500,000 can be saved by scrap metal.

# WHAT'S GOING ON IN MARYLAND

State Total \$54,343,300.

Col. Henry B. Wilcox, chairman of the Liberty Loan Committee for Maryland, gave out the official figures for Maryland and the Fifth Federal Reserve District, as follows:

Amount	Number of Subscribers
Maryland ....	\$54,343,300 125,787
Virginia .....	51,373,250 54,898
West Virginia .....	26,470,300 34,400
Dist. of Columbia .....	23,561,400 60,199
North Carolina .....	27,531,200 37,825
South Carolina .....	17,921,750 22,641

Total ..... \$201,151,700 335,787

Colonel Wilcox stated that Maryland's total of \$54,343,300 is made up of \$41,577,050 from Baltimore and \$12,766,250 from the counties. The returns from the counties are especially encouraging, he said, being more than double the county subscriptions to the first loan.

The number of subscribers in Baltimore to the second loan was 91,194, as compared with 66,896 for the first loan, and 34,593 for the counties, as compared with 16,471 for the first loan. One subscription was received for every seventh person in Baltimore. The average amount for each subscriber in Maryland was \$435.

Would Parole Three.

Governor Harrington directed that advertisements be published preliminary to paroles which have been recommended by the State Board of Pardons and Parole in the following cases:

VERNON L. CARSON, convicted at the September term, 1914, of the Criminal Court of Baltimore city of larceny and sentenced to five years in the Penitentiary.

HARRY SLOAN, convicted of housebreaking at the May term, 1915, of Baltimore County Circuit Court, and sentenced to the Penitentiary for five years.

ANDREW REWI, sent to the House of Correction for one year at the January term, 1917, of the Criminal Court of Baltimore city for assault to murder.

Governor Bags Two Turkeys.

Governor Harrington is some hunter. Returning to the executive mansion here late Saturday night from a hunting expedition in the vicinity of Hancock, Washington county, he brought with him two fine specimens of wild turkey, which he killed with his "little gun."

The Governor went on the hunting expedition with Secretary of State Thomas W. Sims and Col. Harry B. Wilcox, of Baltimore. The party were the guests of the Woodbine Rod and Gun Club. The Governor was elated over the success that attended the day's sport. He is fond of all kinds of hunting and had an immense amount of enjoyment out of a coon hunt in which he participated in the woods of North Severn late last winter.

Official Vote of County.

The Board of Election Supervisors of Baltimore county canvassed the vote of the county. The vote of Republican and Democratic candidates was as follows:

Comptroller—Atwood, Republican, 6,181; McMullen, Democrat, 10,634.

House of Delegates—Republicans:

Asher, 6,263; Davis, 5,949; Duncan, 5,811; Klemm, 5,860; Lamotte, 5,566; Mosher, 4,958.

Democrats—Henson, 11,059; Brazier, 10,455; Bryant, 10,872; Given, 10,687; McIntosh, 10,808; Reich, 10,685.

Treasurer—Parlett, Republican, 6,240; Merryman, Democrat, 10,484.

Sheriff—Hoffman, Republican, 6,354; Street, Democrat, 10,603.

County Surveyor—Dollenberg, Democrat, 12,331. There was no Republican candidate.

A barn on the farm of Adams Bros. at Adamsville, near Federalsburg, was destroyed by fire, together with a lot of feed and farm machinery. Two oxen valued at \$250 were burned to death. The loss is \$1,500.

R. Harris Archer, of Belair, has received a letter from his son, Capt. Harris Archer, Jr., now stationed at Camp McClellan, Anniston, Ala., in which he stated that he had been appointed judge advocate, and that he had been ordered to take the physical examination for immediate service abroad.

T. Dorsey Etchison formally announced his candidacy for Congress from this district on the Democratic ticket to succeed Congressman Fred N. Ziehman, of Allegany county. Mr. Etchison points out that but two representatives of the Sixth district have come from Frederick county in the past 50 years.

George B. Westcott, 67 years old, died at his home, in Chestertown, of paralysis. He was the son of the late Nicholas B. Westcott, for years a prominent merchant of Chestertown.

In a head-on collision on the Western Maryland Railway, one mile west of Garrett, on the Connellsville division, B. W. Pittman, conductor, Ridgeley, W. Va., was instantly killed.

In the action of the national

loan in giving priority to steel

work for the new plant, bids

have gone out, the Kelly

and Clark plant in Cumberland

completed and ready for opera-

tion in one month of the time orig-

inally for its starting.

Seventy-eight per cent. of the more

than \$6,000,000 worth of American

goods exported in the fiscal year 1917

consisted of wholly or partly manu-

factured goods. In 1914, the last nor-

mal year before the war, the per-

centage of such goods exported was only

59.

The library of the School of the

Sons of the Empire, an ancient Chi-

inese university, which, it is said, was

in existence a thousand years before

the Christian era, comprises 182

stones of stone, wherein are carved

all the "13 classics," the essence of

Chinese culture.

The Swiss government plans to

reclaim all turf fields in that coun-

try with a view to the exploitation

of this fuel by modern methods as a

substitute for coal.

For fly fishing for bass early morn-

ings, an hour before dark, or full moon, even later,

is best.

DEATH-PENALTY FOR TROOPER.

U. S. Soldier in France Executed For

Murder Of French Woman.

Washington.—An American soldier

of General Pershing's forces, found

guilty by court-martial of the murder

of a

# The DEEP SEA PERIL

by VICTOR ROUSSEAU

© BY W.G. CHAPMAN

## MASTERMAN'S LIFELONG ENEMY APPEARS AND THE FORMER IS SEIZED WITH A FATAL APOPLECTIC STROKE.

Naval Lieutenant Donald Paget, just given command of the F-55, a submarine, meets at Washington an old friend and distinguished though somewhat eccentric scientist, Captain Masterman. Masterman has just returned from an exploring expedition, bringing with him a member of the strange race, the existence of whose species, he asserts, menaces the human family. At the club, the "March Hares," Masterman explains his theory to Paget.

### CHAPTER II—(Continued.)

"I know it, my boy," the captain answered. "I've been called crazy ever since I saw the sea serpent off Aberdeen. I have to thank MacBeard for that. Ever since he learned that I was on the track of something big, he has been trying to queer me. And when I discovered mammalian life on the sea floor, I was called an impostor, which hurt more. But as I see it, Lieutenant, a man can only be true to himself, and I stand for truth and fair play, moderation and courteous dealings, not mudslinging and invective, and calling names, like that pig-headed, put-faced porous plaster, MacBeard."

"But at least you won't mention these matters to people who—who haven't open minds," pleaded Donald.

"No, sir. I wash my hands of them all. That's why I have told you about this. But if you don't listen, if you don't warn the world..."

"It?" exclaimed Donald. "Good Lord, Masterman, you can't suppose that I am able to stake my professional career upon the retelling of such a story! Even supposing it true, the thing won't happen in our time. Why should a world epoch terminate in this particular generation and another begin?"

Masterman leaped out of his chair and stood beside the Lieutenant. He twined his fingers convulsively in his long beard, and there was a look of fanaticism upon his face.

"Because it has already terminated and begun," he shouted. "Because I have felt them!"

"Seen them, you mean?"

"Felt them, sir! Ocean men. Monsters, between the Shetlands and the Faroes, just where the continental shelf rises to a hundred feet—feet, sir, not fathoms—and then sinks to the uttermost abysses of the sea. A natural ladder, sir, a mountain path up to the world. And if you won't tell the world..."

He broke off and stared at the door leading into the passage from which they had entered the cardroom. A man was standing there. He was perhaps fifty years of age, short, rather chubby, his round face covered with a sparse, prickly growth of hair. His figure was rotund, and like many short, round men with sparse beards, he had an appearance of pompous dignity.

Somewhat Donald imagined that he had been behind the door for a long time, and that his entrance had been prompted by curiosity so uncontrollable that it overcame all sense of shame or fear of discovery.

"MacBeard!" ejaculated the captain quickly. "Donald, my lad—Donald."

He stopped and looked at Donald in a dazed way. He put his hands to his head, a look of bewilderment succeeded that of anger, and he sat down again heavily. His features were suffused with blood.

Donald sprang toward him.

"Captain Masterman! Are you ill?" he cried, shaking the old man by the shoulder.

MacBeard came into the room and stood beside him, looking down at the captain. Donald was conscious, even in that moment, of a strong personal antagonism toward this man.

"I am afraid he has had a seizure," said MacBeard.

Captain Jonathan Roderick Masterman looked into the Lieutenant's face with an expression of pathetic helplessness, smiled, sighed very deeply, stretched out his legs, and died.

### CHAPTER III.

#### The House in Baltimore.

Life was extinct, and the doctor who was hastily summoned could only confirm what all perceived. He gave it as his opinion that heart disease was the cause of death, and stated that there would be no need of an inquest.

"Was he excited just before his seizure?" he inquired of Donald.

"Yes," answered the Lieutenant. "He was worked up about a theory of his own."

The doctor nodded. "A very happy death," he said. "He didn't suffer. I suppose you know where his relatives are to be found?"

Donald was entirely ignorant. The little group that had gathered about the body, their own theories temporarily laid aside, were equally in ignorance. Nobody was much interested in anyone else at the Inventors' club.

Then Professor MacBeard stepped forward.

"I had some acquaintance with Captain Masterman," he said. "In fact, we were strong friends, although our views were divergent upon certain subjects. I shall be happy to see the interment and to take charge of any papers that my old colleague may have left, pending the appointment of an official trustee."

Lieutenant Paget was convinced that MacBeard was right. What was hardly ten minutes earlier had denounced him as a sterically unmeasured man, but now he was in a little off-fashion

thoroughfare flanked by neat two-story houses. Each had a tiny garden surrounded by a high wall. There was about it an atmosphere, if not of mystery, at any rate of the retirement common to such backwaters in the roaring streams of city life.

The captain's was the last house in the street. It stood a little farther back than the rest, and was turned slightly askew, facing them obliquely, as though it knew itself to be out of place and was watching its neighbors apprehensively over its shoulder.

There was no light behind any of the drawn shades. A small dome on a flat roof seemed to contain a telescope.

Donald climbed a fence, walked round to the back, and went up the weed-grown path. The grass had not been mowed since it sprouted in spring; the garden was unkempt and ragged. Donald felt sure that there was nobody within.

As Donald had anticipated, the front door was locked, and the window of the living room was apparently nailed up. He traversed the narrow path that led to the back of the house. To his surprise, the kitchen window was open.

Then it occurred to him that Masterman had, of course, gone directly home on his return from his last earthly voyage. He swung himself across the window sill and dropped to the kitchen floor. He lit match and found the gas.

The yellow flare disclosed a very ordinary kitchen. Masterman's coat hung on a nail beside the window, and he had been cooking porridge upon the range. Donald went through into a room at the back of the house, which had apparently been built out at a date subsequent to the completion of the structure in its original form.

He stopped short at the threshold, hearing the "swish, swish" of water.

It was not falling water, but a gentle and continuous rippling. It occurred to him that it was, on a smaller scale, the sound that a seal makes in the course of its ceaseless peregrinations around its tank.

The insolent challenge, and the sneering tone awakened Donald's anger. He grasped the professor by the wrist which held the letter.

"I am not accustomed to having my identity questioned," he answered. "You'll hand over that envelope, and

slight jar to the couch on which the body had been laid, a bulky envelope fell out of the dead man's pocket.

MacBeard stooped hastily and was about to transfer it to his own when Donald intervened.

"Excuse me, but is that not addressed to me?" he asked. "My name is Paget—Lieutenant Paget."

He was sure that he had seen his name upon the envelope, and it occurred to him that this must be the document about which Masterman had spoken. Donald felt greatly touched to think that Captain Masterman had in his crazy mind, even before their accidental meeting, out of all his acquaintances.

MacBeard had placed his hand over the envelope, as if to hide the address; but seeing that it was impossible to deny Donald's assertion, he replied:

"I suppose that you are the man you claim to be, and can prove it? A good many persons are anxious to profit by Captain Masterman's discoveries."

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Donald lit three gas-jets. The light flickered and swayed as the air rushed out. Then, when it had grown steady, Donald saw that a sort of photographic lens was attached to a box in front of the apparatus, directed toward the great tank between the palms.

Approaching, he perceived that the top of the tank was covered with glass. A slender tube of the same material entered the water from above, where it was supported upon an arm extended from a wall. There was a connection between the tube and another which ran upward from the top of the retort.

Presently Donald caught sight of a barometer attached to the front of the mechanism. Now he began to understand. The object in the tank, whatever it was, was under a pressure of many atmospheres.

He approached the tank and walked round it, peering into it from every side. He saw the ripples on the water, and there was a faint sound as of a fan brushed against the glass. But he could see nothing in the nature of a living thing.

Presently Donald made no reply to the professor with an embarrassed laugh, "I really had no intention of withholding anything that is legitimately yours, I assure you, nor of questioning your good faith. I was a little startled at the moment. Perhaps, as mutual friends of the late Captain Masterman, we may take care of his interests jointly."

As Donald made no reply of any nature, MacBeard turned to the physician, and had soon completed the arrangements for the removal of the body. Then he went to the clerk's desk.

He held the envelope in his hand still, and he was about to place it in his pocket when his glance fell upon the sentence of the manuscript within. Donald drew it forth and read:

In the event of your hearing of my sudden death you must not delay a moment, but go to my house at 166 ..... street Baltimore. Above all, beware of MacBeard. He is an enemy of the human race. So much I have learned, but—

Donald thrust the loose sheet into his trousers pocket and replaced the envelope, containing the rest of the manuscript, in the inner pocket of his coat just as MacBeard returned.

He would go to the house in Baltimore, and see what there was to be done. He knew Masterman had lived there alone for years, in the intervals between his voyages.

MacBeard came up to Donald with a smile of affected friendliness.

"I understand that there is no record of our friend's address," he said. "Poor Masterman was a very retiring man. No doubt we shall learn from his friends in a day or two. I will have an announcement published, and have arranged for the funeral to be held from Byam's undertaking establishment the day after tomorrow at noon. Is there anything further to be done?"

"I hardly think so," answered Donald.

"Then if you can look in here tomorrow at eleven, we may talk matters over. And now permit me to wish you good evening," said the professor cordially.

Donald took the proffered hand and felt a sense of disgust at the touch of the limp fingers. He strode out of the club and took a taxi to the Baltimore train station.

The Baltimore train was just about due. Late that night Lieutenant Paget found the captain's house. It proved to be in a little off-fashion

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MIDDLETOWN, DEL., NOVEMBER 24, 1917



## THAT FOOD SAVING!

The liberty-loving people of our nation are in sympathy with Mr. Hoover's suggestion of meatless and wheatless days but at the same time cannot help but wonder why Mr. Hoover does not advocate a boozefree day. Surely he knows that millions of tons of foodstuffs are being worse than wasted in the manufacturing of beer and other intoxicants. And we wonder whether he has ever suggested to President Wilson that he stop this sinful waste. President Wilson could stop it all by a stroke of his pen.

REV. GEORGE W. SHIRES,  
Pastor of Scott M. E. Church, Philadelphia, Oct. 23d.

We might quote many like criticisms, written and spoken, which we have read and heard, but this clergyman's will suffice to voice the wonder, not unmixed with indignation, that this Administration should so everlasting bring the changes on food saving, "wheatless days—meatless days—sugarless days etc.," but never once suggest that the pernicious luxury of beer be even a little bit abated!

All the people are asked to practice a rigid economy in foodstuffs of every kind, deny themselves as never before, the actual necessities of life—and yet the brewers of beer which is not food, are allowed without one word of protest from Washington or Mr. Hoover, to waste daily 12,000,000 loaves of bread, 1,000,000 gallons of molasses and millions of pounds of sugar and other food products!

The laboring man, the clerk, the farmer, housewives everywhere, all the world, must deny themselves—but the brewers may waste food and nothing said about it!

Is it not the rankest hypocrisy thus to exempt the Liquor Interests from all restraint, allow them to destroy—not consume as food—destroy, these valuable war foods in the manufacture of beer, thereby entailing a double loss, not only of the foods themselves, but of efficiency and manhood also!

The whole civilized world is putting ban on intoxicating liquors. The greatest nations in Europe declare civilization's war against the barbaric Huns cannot be won unless they stay sober. Our own country has forbidden the manufacture of whiskey, and given Mr. Wilson full power to stop also this great food wastage of beer making. Yet it is the people who must give up their daily bread, their sugar, etc., and not the brewers who must stop their destruction of food! What a monstrous absurdity! Even were beer not harmful, it is a needless luxury.

We suggest Mr. Hoover make a few demands upon the brewers to stop destroying wheat and let up awhile on the harassed people's eating it!

No wonder some of the finest housekeepers in Middletown flout the food-saving campaign as a humbug which pinches the harmless necessities of life, but lets such luxuries as beer go scot-free!

## LET US THANK GOD!

WHERE shall we begin to count the long tale of the mercies we as a Nation owe the benevolent? Given of all good? Shall we not humbly, gratefully, thank Him that at a time when nearly half the world lacks bread; we here in this highly favored land, have storehouses fairly bursting with grains and food stuffs in which we all would fairly share but for the greed of the monopolists who seeks to scant His bounties meant for all.

Shall we not also express our gratitude that while Europe is desolated by the cruel hand of War, peace reigns over our borders, even though at Justice and Humanity, we either our sons to war or to stay German?

God that as a nation we have ever been dedicate to peace and justice. That we have never waged an unjust war, never, like Ahab coveted the Naboth vineyard of some weaker nation. That to the contrary we have diligently cultivated all the arts of peace and gotten unexampled wealth which with lavish hands we have always gladly shared with any needy creatures of His, the whole globe over.

But we especially thank God for our national ideals. That when the eventful hour came that our forefathers should find in this New World a nation devoted to liberty and righteousness, in His infinite wisdom He landed their Mayflower, not amid balmy Spring airs on the mild Floridian shores where ease and plenty might have emasculated their moral fiber, but amid icy Winter blasts on the stern, rock-bound New England coasts where struggling with a harsh climate, a beggarly soil and the implacable hate of the savage, they were to grow strong.

We do thank God, that these lofty-minded fathers of this nation were not, like Fonce de Leon, lured to these shores by an ignoble thirst for gold, but by the nobler wish to find a land where they might be "free to worship God."

We do thank God that their rugged fates developed those strong and upright qualities of body and mind, granite rather than palm, which form the basis of our whole character as a nation—qualities that in the past have given tone and shape, and still do, to the glorious Republic under whose flag it is one of our highest privileges to be born.

SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF a writ of Vend. Exp. Jus. Judg. to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House, southeast corner of Eleventh and King streets, City of Wilmington, New Castle County, Delaware.

ON SATURDAY  
THE FIRST DAY OF DECEMBER 1917  
at 10 o'clock, A. M.,  
the following described real estate, viz:

ALL those certain lots or pieces of land with the buildings thereon erected, situate in the City of Wilmington, County of New Castle and State of Delaware.

No 8 beginning on the southerly side of Sixteenth street formerly called Fifteenth street, at the distance of 340 feet easterly from the easterly side of Claymont street; thence southerly and parallel with Claymont street 86 feet to a corner; thence easterly and parallel with Sixteenth street, formerly called Fifteenth street, 25 feet to a corner; thence northerly and parallel with Claymont street 86 feet to the southerly side of Sixteenth street, formerly called Fifteenth street; thence westerly 25 feet to the place of beginning. Be the contents thereof what they may.

No. 9 being lot No. 6 in section 5, as laid out on plan of Eastlake Park.

Beginning at a point on the southwesterly side of Twenty-ninth street at the distance of 125 feet southeasterly from the southeasterly side of West street, extended; thence southeasterly along the southwesterly side of Twenty-ninth street, twenty-five feet to a corner; thence southeasterly and parallel with Sixteenth street, formerly called Fifteenth street, 25 feet to a corner; thence northerly and parallel with Claymont street 86 feet to a corner; thence northerly and parallel with Sixteenth street, 25 feet to a corner; thence southeasterly along the southwesterly side of Twenty-ninth street, twenty-five feet to a corner; thence southeasterly and parallel with Sixteenth street, 25 feet to a corner; thence northerly and parallel with Claymont street 86 feet to a corner; thence northerly and parallel with Sixteenth street, 25 feet to a corner; thence southeasterly along the southwesterly side of Twenty-ninth street, twenty-five feet to a corner; thence southeasterly and parallel with Sixteenth street, 25 feet to a corner; 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## STATE AND PENINSULA

With three cases of diphtheria in Georgetown, quarantine has been ordered.

A short course in agriculture is to be added at Milford High School next year.

New York Jews have postponed calling proposed Jewish congress until peace is declared.

Maryland Republicans captured the lower branch of the Legislature for the first time in years.

The Pyrites Company has taken out permits for new buildings at its plant in Wilmington to cost \$36,000.

The 50th annual meeting of the Maryland State Teachers' Association will be held in Baltimore Nov. 26-28.

The U. S. Dept. of Agriculture says the best time to plant fruit trees is late in November or early in December.

Cold has become so scarce in Wilmington that the Fuel Committee is considering limiting each family to one-half ton a month.

Wilmington's City Council has allowed the Homeopathic Hospital \$2000 for the care of patients who cannot pay for hospital treatment.

Dr. G. F. Layton, of Georgetown, has been appointed by Governor Townsend a delegate to the waterways convention in Florida.

The War Department is backing a movement of citizens for a new road direct from Milford to the new Fort Saulsbury at Cedar Beach.

Fire Chief Golden has taken up with the Wilmington City Council the advisability of providing a fireboat for service along the city water front.

Teams, working in Wilmington to raise \$40,000, Delaware's share of the Young Woman's Christian Association's war fund, have collected \$26,768 to date.

Because of the increased cost of labor and fuel the Harve de Grace Water Company has applied to the Maryland Service Commission for increased water rates.

Dauphin D. Wharton of Dover has been made first sergeant of Company A in the new battalion of Delaware soldiers to be sent from Camp Dix to Camp McClellan.

The mink season opens in Kent County Nov. 20 and lasts till March 25. It is probable both the fur and meat of these little animals will bring higher prices this season.

Director Hall of Boys' Working Reserve says: "We'll meet farm labor shortage of 2,000,000 men next year with 2,000,000 high school boys trained for farm work this winter."

The greatest insurance selling campaign is to begin soon by the government to induce every soldier and sailor to buy life insurance policies, provided at low rates under the recent act of Congress.

Smyrna has just completed 881 feet of concrete roadway on east Commerce street and it will be opened to the public on Monday next. It will be furnished with a shoulder of crushed stone on each side.

Sixteen trained nurses of Delaware have formed the Delaware Division of the Red Cross Nursing Service and have been ordered by the government to hold themselves in readiness to go to France within a short time.

Students of the Women's College of Delaware, at Newark, contributed \$100 to the Y. M. C. A. war campaign fund an average of nearly \$10 per student, the largest per capita for any similar institution reported to date.

Sussex county never had a larger crop of nuts than this fall. In addition to chinquapin, hickory, beech, hazel and other nuts, which have very little commercial value, there are large crops of pecans, chestnuts and walnuts.

At the instance of Wilmington clergymen connected with the anti-license committee, Magistrate Stradley has issued eight warrants for as many men charging voting or registering illegally at the recent special election.

The Milford Creamery has been awarded the contract for supplying butter to the State Hospital at Farmhurst for the ensuing three months at 49 cents per pound. It takes about \$275 worth of butter each month to supply the Hospital.

Charles H. Grantland, of Wilmington appointed secretary of the Industrial Accident Board at an annual salary of \$2500, said he would not give up his present position of State Child Labor Inspector until he consults with the Labor Commission of Delaware.

The Methodist Episcopal boards of home and foreign missions at a joint conference approved a recommendation that a campaign be inaugurated to raise \$80,000,000 in the next five years. Forty millions are to be raised by each board to spread Methodism to all corners of the earth.

Secretary McAdoo disclosed in a speech Wednesday night at the annual banquet of the Investment Bankers' Association of America that the fact that \$10,000,000 must be raised by bond issues, certificates of indebtedness and savings certificates before June 30 next in order to meet the program laid out by Congress and the administration for the prosecution of the war.

## FREE OF CHARGE

Any adult suffering from cough, cold or any bronchitis, is invited to call at drug store of the Middletown Drug Co., and get absolutely free, a sample bottle of BOUCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP, a soothing and healing remedy for all bronchial troubles, which has a successful record of fifty years. Gives patient a good night's rest free from coughing, with free expectoration in the morning. Regular sizes, 25 and 75 cents. For sale in all civilized countries.

## Farms for Sale!

Acres	Price
350.....	\$ 22,000
349.....	15,000
116.....	8,500
90.....	10,000
132.....	7,000
202.....	10,000
200.....	20,000
130.....	3,300
205.....	10,000
158.....	7,500
400.....	8,500
280.....	18,000
37.....	6,000
120.....	15,000
23.....	21,800
132.....	9,250
350.....	12,000
200.....	8,000
100.....	7,000
76.....	3,000
160.....	16,000
273.....	10,000
50.....	15,000
180.....	30,000
25.....	13,000
61.....	2,500
47.....	7,000
	5,000
	12,000

JOHN HELDMYER, JR.



## HAVE US CUT A STEAK

for you from our prime choice beef. The first mouthfull you take will prove to you that there is a wide difference between ours and ordinary meats although there is no difference in price. Why not get the most in quality as well as quantity for your money. Order a steak to-day and you'll be doing just that."

## LEWIS MEAT MARKET

Phone 86.

## Why Gates Half-Sole Tires Outwear Ordinary Tires

Here is the vital part to you--the tread of the Gates Half Sole Tire is made out of such exceedingly tough, resilient, elastic rubber that it is nearly impossible for even the sharpest stone to injure it--this means that it will wear far better than any tire you have ever used before.

Besides--they cost a great deal less--and remember there is no expense for putting them on.

The Half Sole Tires are guaranteed to run

## 3,500 MILES

## B. F. Gallagher

Middletown, Del.

agent for the International Rubber Co. will be glad to receive orders from automobile owners.

## Shoe Repairing

I have purchased a new electric machine for finishing my work, which enables me to turn out all work in the shortest possible time, and the finish is far superior to hand-finished work.

## L. FROMKIN

Kates' old stand, East Main St.  
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

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A share of your patronage is solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed. Phone.

NORTH BROAD STREET,  
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

## PAID LOCAL ADS.

FOR SALE--Wagons and bairns. J. C. GREEN.

FOR RENT--Dwelling house, corner of Broad and Main Street. Apply to FOGEL & BURSTAN,  
Middletown, Del.

WANTED--Piano pupils. Beginners given special attention. A. R. MCKEE,  
Crawford Street.

WANTED--Horse-shoer and blacksmith for country work. Apply to ADAM GOSS,  
Brandywine Springs Shop, Residence on premises.

FOR SALE--Pure S. C. White Leghorn Cockerels. 250-286 egg strain. Prices \$3 and \$5. Henry C. Webb,  
Forest, Del.

Lehigh Nut, Stove and Egg Co. stored under cover for immediate delivery. We have just received our new Timothy Seed, to buy old when you can get the new at the same price. Phone 5. Jesse L. Shepherd.

EDW. G. WALLS  
1887

\$20

Is our price for your choice of MEN'S  
and YOUNG MEN'SFall and Winter  
Suits and OvercoatsThat match in every particular any Suit  
you can buy elsewhere at \$25.00Plenty of Belted Back Cheviots, as well  
as Fancy Fabrics

All sixes, from 32 to 46 Chest Measure

See Our Special Suits and Overcoats at

\$12.50 and \$15.00

EDW. G. WALLS &amp; SON

SMYRNA, DELAWARE

JAMES J. ROSS, Pres.

WM. DENNEY Secretary and Treasury

INCORPORATED 1847

## Kent County Mutual Insurance Co.

Dover, Del.

Insurance Against FIRE and LIGHTNING  
CONDUCTED ON THE MUTUAL SYSTEM  
Has Returned  
\$700,000.00  
Membership Over Nine Thousand, With Over  
\$100,000.00 INSURANCE IN FORCE

## AGENTS

aware City. D. B. MALONEY, Agent, Townsend  
ALL THE PRINCIPAL TOWNSBookkeepers, Stenographers  
Secretaries

\$15.00 \$16.50 \$18.00

YOUNG MEN'S  
Overcoats

Overcoats for young men! Latest styles--first class materials well made in every detail--prices lowest in town!

Satisfaction is certain for the man who wears furnishings from this store.

Shirts Ties Hose

\$1 to \$3. 25c to \$1. 15c to 75c

All  
ladies  
men  
children  
shirts  
shoes  
style  
size  
that  
will  
surprise  
you.

These are Hats that you like to wear--they feel good on your head.

\$1 to \$3

## GLOBE CLOTHING STORE

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

THE GREATEST WORK DAME  
NATURE'S DONE - IS BUILDING  
WOOD FROM EARTH AND SUN!THE  
GREATEST  
WORK  
ENDERD  
IS BUILDENG  
WODFROM  
EARTH AND  
SUN!

LUMPER

I WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION  
AT MY STABLES IN GALENA, MD.

SATURDAY, NOV. 24th, 1917

beginning at 11 a. m. sharp.

75 HEAD OF CATTLE

consisting of 15 Fresh Cows, 20 Springers, 20 Good Holstein and Guernsey Heifers, a few Fat Cattle and Bulls. These fresh cows are as good as can be found for sale.

100 Shoats and Pigs

weighing from 20 to 100 pounds. Most of them are very fine.

I WILL ALSO SELL 4 PAIR OF

Good, Sound, Well-Made Mules

5 and 6 years old.

I will sell cattle at about 12 o'clock,

after selling shoats, etc. Will sell mules and horses last after I finish selling cattle.

ALSO I GOOD SECOND-HAND FORD CAR

If you want to buy or sell any stock,

this is the place to come.

Sale, rain or shine. Terms Cash.

S. G. CALDWELL

My next sale after this will be Dec. 8th.

Address  
Martin B. Burris, Esq.  
Middletown, Del.

The Transcript, \$1.00

**Stop That Cold At Once**

**CASCARA QUININE**

The old family remedy—in tablets form—safe, easy to take. No opiate—no stimulant—after effects. Cures colds in 24 hours—Grippe in 8 days. Money back if it fails. Get the Red Top or Mr. Hill's picture on it. 24 Tablets for 25¢. At Any Drug Store.

**Backache**

Yager's Liniment is excellent for any kind of pain or congestion. It quickly relieves backache and rheumatic pains, and is a splendid remedy for Neuralgia, Sciatica, chest pains, sprains, strains, swellings and enlargements.

Keep a bottle in your home for emergencies—you never can tell when you will require something of the sort.

**35c Per Bottle AT ALL DEALERS**

Each bottle contains more than the usual 50 cent bottle of liniment.

**YAGER'S LINIMENT**

RELIEVES PAIN

GILBERT BROS. & CO.  
BALTIMORE, MD.

**STOCK BUYERS!**

The Hoye Oil and Refining Co., Greybull, Wyoming has 1000 acres of oil territory and are developing it rapidly. In Wyoming there is no oil refinement, one should not in a short time bring a handsome return, you should give the Hoye a trial. The Hoye is a U. S. citizen and is a good company, the government's proval. The Hoye bids fair to make the purchase if it can't stand at ten cents a acre independent of chance. See your broker before the stock is taken off the market.

LADIES' CYCLOPEDIA OF HEALTH AND BEAUTY. 16 vols., postpaid. Send for it today.

RELIABLE AGENCY, 226 Broad St., New York

W. N. U., BALTIMORE, NO. 47-1917.

**OUR BOYS IN FRANCE AND HOME PROTECTION**

The men on the firing line represent the pick of our American youth. One in four of our boys returned was rejected because of physical deficiency. Many times the kidneys were to blame. If we wish to prevent old age coming too soon, or we want to increase our chances of a long life, Dr. Pierce of the Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., says that you should drink plenty of water daily between meals. Then procure at your nearest drug store Anuric (double strength). This Anu-ric drives the uric acid out and cures backache and rheumatism.

If we wish to keep our kidneys in the best condition a diet of milk and vegetables, with only little meat once a day, is the most suitable. Drink plenty of pure water, take Anuric three times a day for a month.

Step into the drug store and ask for Pierce's valuable remedies, but space will not permit. If anyone calls on me I can tell them better than I can write.—MRS. LOUISA BAUMGARD, 2670 Sepvina St.—Adv.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE!

160 Acre Homesteads Are Actually Free to Settlers and Other Land Sold at from \$15 to \$20 per Acre.

The great demand for Canadian Wheat and other grain products are farmed out for near \$2 per bushel and raise 20 bushels to the acre he is bound to make money—that's what you can expect in Western Canada.

One-half acre land is all that is needed for Mixed Farming in Western Canada is fully as profitable an industry as grain raising.

The excellent grasses, full of nutrition, are the only food for cattle, horses, sheep, hogs, etc. Good schools, church, markets, convenient climate excellent. There is an unusual demand for farm laborers. Many men have come to Canada and volunteered for the war. Write for literature and information to the Canadian Government Dept. of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to the Canadian Government Agent.

J. P. JAFFRAY,  
Car. Walnut & Bread Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.  
Canadian Government Agent

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160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE!

160 Acre Homesteads Are Actually Free to Settlers and Other Land Sold at from \$15 to \$20 per Acre.

The great demand for Canadian Wheat and other grain products are farmed out for near \$2 per bushel and raise 20 bushels to the acre he is bound to make money—that's what you can expect in Western Canada.

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